organic compounds

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(*E*)-4-[(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]-2-methoxy-3-nitrophenol

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 296 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.046; wR factor = 0.140; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.5.

The molecule of the title compound, $C_{16}H_{16}N_2O_4$, exists in the *E* configuration with respect to the central C=N double bond. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 2.17 (9) Å. In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* O-H···N hydrogen bonds into chains that propagate along the *b*-axis direction. There is also π - π stacking of inversion-related molecules, with interplanar spacings of 3.479 (5) Å and ring centroid–centroid distances of 3.876 (4) Å.

Related literature

The title compound is an imine derivative of 4-hydroxy-3methoxy-2-nitrobenzaldehyde, a vanillin-like compound. For background to the biological activity of vanillin derivatives, see: Javiya *et al.* (2008); Cordano *et al.* (2002). For standard bond lengths, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{lll} C_{16}H_{16}N_2O_4 & V = 1513 \ (3) \ \mathring{A}^3 \\ M_r = 300.31 & Z = 4 \\ Monoclinic, P_{2_1}/c & Mo \ K\alpha \ radiation \\ a = 8.616 \ (9) \ \mathring{A} & \mu = 0.10 \ mm^{-1} \\ b = 9.690 \ (11) \ \mathring{A} & T = 296 \ K \\ c = 18.29 \ (2) \ \mathring{A} & 0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.12 \ mm \\ \beta = 97.631 \ (11)^{\circ} \end{array}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2007) $T_{min} = 0.978, T_{max} = 0.989$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	203 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.140$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.04	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
2935 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

8085 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.032$

2935 independent reflections

1699 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $D-H\cdots A$ D-H $H\cdots A$ $D\cdots A$ $D-H\cdots A$ $O2-H2\cdots N2^i$ 0.821.952.755 (3)169Summary the (i)1.41.41.4

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2377).

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supplementary materials

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(E)-4-[(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]-2-methoxy-3-nitrophenol

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Comment

The Schiff base adducts of vanillin with various primary amines show an observable effect on tumours. Amine derivatives of vanillin present similar effects, such as acting as oxidative phosphorylation inhibitors, which prevent ATP sythesis (Cordano *et al.*, 2002). There has been much research interest in vanillin derivatives due to its biological activities (Javiya *et al.* 2008). In this work, we report here the crystal structure of the title compound, (*E*)-4-((3,5-dimethylphenylimino)methyl)-2-methoxy-3-nitrophenol, (I). In (I), all bond lengths are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987) (Fig. 1).

Experimental

An equimolar ratio of 4-hydroxy-3-methoxy-2-nitrobenzaldehyde (2 mmol, 394 mg) and 3,5-dimethylaniline (2 mmol, 242 mg) were dissolved in methanol (25 ml). The mixture was stirred for 3 h under a gentle reflux. After allowing the solution to stand in air for two days with methanol slowly evaporating, yellow crystals were deposited, isolated, washed with methanol three times, and dried under vacuum with CaCl₂ as desiccant.

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.96 Å for the aromatic) and were refined as riding, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) showing 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.

(E)-4-[(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]-2-methoxy-3-nitrophenol

Crystal data

 $C_{16}H_{16}N_2O_4$ $M_r = 300.31$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 8.616 (9) Å b = 9.690 (11) Å F(000) = 632 $D_x = 1.318 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 0.71073 \mathbf{A} Cell parameters from 2115 reflections $\theta = 2.4-26.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

supplementary materials

c = 18.29 (2) Å
$\beta = 97.631 (11)^{\circ}$
V = 1513 (3) Å ³
Z = 4

Data collection

T = 296 KColumn, yellow $0.23 \times 0.21 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	2935 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1699 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.032$
ϕ and ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2007)	$h = -8 \rightarrow 10$
$T_{\min} = 0.978, T_{\max} = 0.989$	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
8085 measured reflections	$l = -16 \rightarrow 22$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.046$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.140$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.04	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0684P)^2 + 0.080P]$ where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2935 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
203 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
N1	0.9369 (2)	0.4869 (2)	0.39259 (10)	0.0569 (5)
N2	0.50451 (19)	0.63346 (16)	0.41616 (8)	0.0416 (4)

01	0.98163 (17)	0.29564 (16)	0.28424 (8)	0.0592 (4)
02	0.73798 (16)	0.18585 (15)	0.19443 (8)	0.0542 (4)
H2	0.6585	0.1695	0.1658	0.081*
03	1.0325 (2)	0.4118 (2)	0.42663 (10)	0.0972 (7)
O4	0.9417 (2)	0.61258 (19)	0.39560 (10)	0.0811 (6)
C1	0.8322 (2)	0.33311 (19)	0.29183 (11)	0.0410 (5)
C2	0.7044 (2)	0.27628 (19)	0.24588 (10)	0.0401 (5)
C3	0.5541 (2)	0.3148 (2)	0.25587 (11)	0.0441 (5)
H3	0.4693	0.2778	0.2254	0.053*
C4	0.5275 (2)	0.4069 (2)	0.31015 (11)	0.0428 (5)
H4	0.4251	0.4309	0.3155	0.051*
C5	0.6504 (2)	0.46491 (19)	0.35722 (10)	0.0395 (5)
C6	0.8019 (2)	0.42449 (19)	0.34604 (10)	0.0404 (5)
C7	0.6243 (2)	0.5559 (2)	0.41790 (11)	0.0427 (5)
H7	0.6985	0.5573	0.4598	0.051*
C8	0.4898 (2)	0.72319 (19)	0.47734 (10)	0.0389 (5)
C9	0.3404 (2)	0.7652 (2)	0.48727 (11)	0.0452 (5)
Н9	0.2545	0.7324	0.4559	0.054*
C10	0.3177 (2)	0.8561 (2)	0.54361 (12)	0.0473 (6)
C11	0.4476 (3)	0.9040 (2)	0.58903 (11)	0.0492 (6)
H11	0.4334	0.9655	0.6266	0.059*
C12	0.5983 (2)	0.86339 (19)	0.58038 (11)	0.0452 (5)
C13	0.6190 (2)	0.77377 (19)	0.52390 (11)	0.0409 (5)
H13	0.7195	0.7469	0.5168	0.049*
C14	0.1558 (3)	0.9054 (3)	0.55369 (15)	0.0742 (8)
H14A	0.0792	0.8536	0.5220	0.111*
H14B	0.1460	1.0016	0.5414	0.111*
H14C	0.1392	0.8924	0.6041	0.111*
C15	0.7379 (3)	0.9183 (2)	0.63073 (13)	0.0659 (7)
H15A	0.8273	0.8609	0.6269	0.099*
H15B	0.7153	0.9180	0.6807	0.099*
H15C	0.7599	1.0109	0.6165	0.099*
C16	1.0488 (3)	0.3650 (3)	0.22692 (16)	0.0830 (8)
H16A	0.9857	0.3485	0.1804	0.124*
H16B	1.1528	0.3308	0.2251	0.124*
H16C	1.0531	0.4624	0.2368	0.124*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
N1	0.0502 (12)	0.0687 (13)	0.0484 (12)	0.0024 (10)	-0.0067 (9)	-0.0119 (10)
N2	0.0453 (10)	0.0436 (9)	0.0355 (10)	0.0019 (8)	0.0038 (8)	0.0029 (8)
O1	0.0433 (9)	0.0764 (11)	0.0564 (10)	0.0165 (8)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0015 (8)
O2	0.0520 (9)	0.0614 (9)	0.0468 (10)	0.0059 (8)	-0.0026 (7)	-0.0146 (8)
O3	0.0803 (14)	0.1037 (15)	0.0914 (14)	0.0299 (11)	-0.0490 (11)	-0.0251 (12)
O4	0.0812 (13)	0.0707 (12)	0.0860 (14)	-0.0246 (10)	-0.0088 (10)	-0.0067 (10)
C1	0.0394 (12)	0.0467 (11)	0.0355 (12)	0.0061 (9)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0031 (9)
C2	0.0482 (13)	0.0393 (10)	0.0317 (11)	0.0046 (9)	0.0012 (9)	-0.0001 (9)

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C3	0.0433 (12)	0.0484 (12)	0.0390 (12)	-0.0026 (9)	-0.0005 (9)	-0.0031 (10)
C4	0.0380 (12)	0.0462 (11)	0.0436 (13)	0.0011 (9)	0.0029 (10)	0.0034 (10)
C5	0.0449 (13)	0.0393 (10)	0.0332 (11)	0.0033 (9)	0.0016 (9)	0.0023 (9)
C6	0.0415 (12)	0.0442 (11)	0.0324 (11)	0.0007 (9)	-0.0067 (9)	0.0010 (9)
C7	0.0474 (13)	0.0447 (11)	0.0342 (12)	0.0026 (10)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0020 (9)
C8	0.0443 (12)	0.0382 (10)	0.0339 (12)	0.0043 (9)	0.0037 (9)	0.0060 (9)
C9	0.0410 (13)	0.0492 (12)	0.0436 (13)	0.0058 (9)	-0.0014 (10)	0.0100 (10)
C10	0.0481 (13)	0.0490 (12)	0.0460 (13)	0.0147 (10)	0.0102 (11)	0.0100 (11)
C11	0.0618 (16)	0.0423 (11)	0.0438 (13)	0.0138 (10)	0.0080 (11)	-0.0011 (10)
C12	0.0502 (13)	0.0399 (11)	0.0434 (13)	0.0099 (9)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0005 (10)
C13	0.0362 (12)	0.0418 (10)	0.0443 (12)	0.0075 (8)	0.0039 (9)	0.0000 (9)
C14	0.0547 (16)	0.0839 (18)	0.085 (2)	0.0269 (13)	0.0137 (14)	0.0051 (15)
C15	0.0650 (16)	0.0637 (15)	0.0644 (16)	0.0076 (12)	-0.0091 (13)	-0.0172 (12)
C16	0.0587 (17)	0.101 (2)	0.093 (2)	0.0072 (15)	0.0242 (16)	0.0017 (18)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

N1—O3	1.208 (2)	C8—C13	1.398 (3)
N1	1.219 (3)	C9—C10	1.389 (3)
N1—C6	1.476 (3)	С9—Н9	0.9300
N2—C7	1.274 (3)	C10—C11	1.383 (3)
N2—C8	1.436 (3)	C10-C14	1.509 (3)
01—C1	1.362 (3)	C11—C12	1.385 (3)
O1—C16	1.431 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
O2—C2	1.345 (2)	C12—C13	1.379 (3)
O2—H2	0.8200	C12—C15	1.512 (3)
C1—C6	1.380 (3)	С13—Н13	0.9300
C1—C2	1.406 (3)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.383 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.377 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
С3—Н3	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.392 (3)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C15—H15C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.404 (3)	C16—H16A	0.9600
С5—С7	1.458 (3)	C16—H16B	0.9600
С7—Н7	0.9300	C16—H16C	0.9600
С8—С9	1.385 (3)		
O3—N1—O4	124.1 (2)	С10—С9—Н9	119.7
O3—N1—C6	118.8 (2)	C11—C10—C9	118.4 (2)
O4—N1—C6	117.06 (19)	C11—C10—C14	120.5 (2)
C7—N2—C8	119.54 (17)	C9—C10—C14	121.0 (2)
C1C16	115.41 (18)	C10-C11-C12	122.2 (2)
С2—О2—Н2	109.5	C10-C11-H11	118.9
01—C1—C6	121.05 (17)	C12—C11—H11	118.9
01—C1—C2	120.70 (19)	C13—C12—C11	118.75 (19)
C6—C1—C2	118.22 (19)	C13—C12—C15	120.4 (2)
O2—C2—C3	124.08 (18)	C11—C12—C15	120.8 (2)
O2—C2—C1	116.69 (19)	C12—C13—C8	120.32 (19)
C3—C2—C1	119.23 (19)	C12—C13—H13	119.8

C4—C3—C2	121.24 (18)	С8—С13—Н13	119.8
С4—С3—Н3	119.4	C10-C14-H14A	109.5
С2—С3—Н3	119.4	C10-C14-H14B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	121.47 (19)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C3—C4—H4	119.3	C10-C14-H14C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	119.3	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	116.32 (19)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—C7	122.25 (19)	С12—С15—Н15А	109.5
C6—C5—C7	121.32 (18)	С12—С15—Н15В	109.5
C1—C6—C5	123.51 (18)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
C1—C6—N1	117.89 (19)	С12—С15—Н15С	109.5
C5—C6—N1	118.56 (19)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C7—C5	122.96 (18)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C7—H7	118.5	O1-C16-H16A	109.5
С5—С7—Н7	118.5	O1—C16—H16B	109.5
C9—C8—C13	119.75 (19)	H16A—C16—H16B	109.5
C9—C8—N2	117.40 (18)	O1-C16-H16C	109.5
C13—C8—N2	122.77 (18)	H16A—C16—H16C	109.5
C8—C9—C10	120.6 (2)	H16B—C16—H16C	109.5
С8—С9—Н9	119.7		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
O2—H2···N2 ⁱ	0.82	1.95	2.755 (3)	169.
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1$, $y-1/2$, $-z+1/2$.				



